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(Original Signature of Member)

117TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

**H. R.**

To provide incentives for hate crime reporting, provide grants for State-run hate crime hotlines, and establish additional penalties for individuals convicted under the Matthew Shephard and James Byrd, Jr. Hate Crimes Prevention Act.

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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. BEYER introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee  
on \_\_\_\_\_

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**A BILL**

To provide incentives for hate crime reporting, provide grants for State-run hate crime hotlines, and establish additional penalties for individuals convicted under the Matthew Shephard and James Byrd, Jr. Hate Crimes Prevention Act.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Khalid Jabara and  
5 Heather Heyer National Opposition to Hate, Assault, and

1 Threats to Equality Act of 2021” or the “Jabara-Heyer  
2 NO HATE Act of 2021”.

3 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

4 Congress finds the following:

5 (1) The incidence of violence known as hate  
6 crimes or crimes motivated by bias poses a serious  
7 national problem.

8 (2) According to data obtained by the Federal  
9 Bureau of Investigation, the incidence of such vio-  
10 lence increased in 2017, the most recent year for  
11 which data is available.

12 (3) In 1990, Congress enacted the Hate Crime  
13 Statistics Act (Public Law 101–275; 28 U.S.C. 534  
14 note) to provide the Federal Government, law en-  
15 forcement agencies, and the public with data regard-  
16 ing the incidence of hate crime. The Hate Crimes  
17 Statistics Act and the Matthew Shepard and James  
18 Byrd, Jr. Hate Crimes Prevention Act (division E of  
19 Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2835) have enabled  
20 Federal authorities to understand and, where appro-  
21 priate, investigate and prosecute hate crimes.

22 (4) A more complete understanding of the na-  
23 tional problem posed by hate crime is in the public  
24 interest and supports the Federal interest in eradi-

1 cating bias-motivated violence referenced in section  
2 249(b)(1)(C) of title 18, United States Code.

3 (5) However, a complete understanding of the  
4 national problem posed by hate crimes is hindered  
5 by incomplete data from Federal, State, and local  
6 jurisdictions through the Uniform Crime Reports  
7 program authorized under section 534 of title 28,  
8 United States Code, and administered by the Fed-  
9 eral Bureau of Investigation.

10 (6) Multiple factors contribute to the provision  
11 of inaccurate and incomplete data regarding the in-  
12 cidence of hate crime through the Uniform Crime  
13 Reports program. A significant contributing factor is  
14 the quality and quantity of training that State and  
15 local law enforcement agencies receive on the identi-  
16 fication and reporting of suspected bias-motivated  
17 crimes.

18 (7) The problem of crimes motivated by bias is  
19 sufficiently serious, widespread, and interstate in na-  
20 ture as to warrant Federal financial assistance to  
21 States and local jurisdictions.

22 (8) Federal financial assistance with regard to  
23 certain violent crimes motivated by bias enables Fed-  
24 eral, State, and local authorities to work together as

1 partners in the investigation and prosecution of such  
2 crimes.

3 **SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.**

4 In this Act:

5 (1) HATE CRIME.—The term “hate crime”  
6 means an act described in section 245, 247, or 249  
7 of title 18, United States Code, or in section 901 of  
8 the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3631).

9 (2) PRIORITY AGENCY.—The term “priority  
10 agency” means—

11 (A) a law enforcement agency of a unit of  
12 local government that serves a population of not  
13 less than 100,000, as computed by the Federal  
14 Bureau of Investigation; or

15 (B) a law enforcement agency of a unit of  
16 local government that—

17 (i) serves a population of not less than  
18 50,000 and less than 100,000, as com-  
19 puted by the Federal Bureau of Investiga-  
20 tion; and

21 (ii) has reported no hate crimes  
22 through the Uniform Crime Reports pro-  
23 gram in each of the 3 most recent calendar  
24 years for which such data is available.

1           (3) STATE.—The term “State” has the mean-  
2           ing given the term in section 901 of title I of the  
3           Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of  
4           1968 (34 U.S.C. 10251).

5           (4) UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS.—The term  
6           “Uniform Crime Reports” means the reports author-  
7           ized under section 534 of title 28, United States  
8           Code, and administered by the Federal Bureau of  
9           Investigation that compile nationwide criminal sta-  
10          tistics for use—

11                   (A) in law enforcement administration, op-  
12                   eration, and management; and

13                   (B) to assess the nature and type of crime  
14                   in the United States.

15          (5) UNIT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The term  
16          “unit of local government” has the meaning given  
17          the term in section 901 of title I of the Omnibus  
18          Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34  
19          U.S.C. 10251).

20 **SEC. 4. REPORTING OF HATE CRIMES.**

21          (a) IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS.—

22                   (1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may  
23                   make grants to States and units of local government  
24                   to assist the State or unit of local government in im-  
25                   plementing the National Incident-Based Reporting

1 System, including to train employees in identifying  
2 and classifying hate crimes in the National Incident-  
3 Based Reporting System.

4 (2) PRIORITY.—In making grants under para-  
5 graph (1), the Attorney General shall give priority to  
6 States and units of local government with larger  
7 populations.

8 (b) REPORTING.—

9 (1) COMPLIANCE.—

10 (A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in  
11 subparagraph (B), in each fiscal year beginning  
12 after the date that is 3 years after the date on  
13 which a State or unit of local government first  
14 receives a grant under subsection (a), the State  
15 or unit of local government shall provide to the  
16 Attorney General, through the Uniform Crime  
17 Reporting system, information pertaining to  
18 hate crimes committed in that jurisdiction dur-  
19 ing the preceding fiscal year.

20 (B) EXTENSIONS; WAIVER.—The Attorney  
21 General—

22 (i) may provide a 120-day extension  
23 to a State or unit of local government that  
24 is making good faith efforts to comply with  
25 subparagraph (A); and

1 (ii) shall waive the requirements of  
2 subparagraph (A) if compliance with that  
3 subparagraph by a State or unit of local  
4 government would be unconstitutional  
5 under the constitution of the State or of  
6 the State in which the unit of govern-  
7 ment is located, respectively.

8 (2) FAILURE TO COMPLY.—If a State or unit of  
9 local government that receives a grant under sub-  
10 section (a) fails to substantially comply with para-  
11 graph (1) of this subsection, the State or unit of  
12 local government shall repay the grant in full, plus  
13 reasonable interest and penalty charges allowable by  
14 law or established by the Attorney General.

15 **SEC. 5. GRANTS FOR STATE-RUN HATE CRIME HOTLINES.**

16 (a) GRANTS AUTHORIZED.—

17 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall  
18 make grants to States to create State-run hate  
19 crime reporting hotlines.

20 (2) GRANT PERIOD.—A grant made under  
21 paragraph (1) shall be for a period of not more than  
22 5 years.

23 (b) HOTLINE REQUIREMENTS.—A State shall ensure,  
24 with respect to a hotline funded by a grant under sub-  
25 section (a), that—

- 1 (1) the hotline directs individuals to—
- 2 (A) law enforcement if appropriate; and
- 3 (B) local support services;
- 4 (2) any personally identifiable information that
- 5 an individual provides to an agency of the State
- 6 through the hotline is not directly or indirectly dis-
- 7 closed, without the consent of the individual, to—
- 8 (A) any other agency of that State;
- 9 (B) any other State;
- 10 (C) the Federal Government; or
- 11 (D) any other person or entity;
- 12 (3) the staff members who operate the hotline
- 13 are trained to be knowledgeable about—
- 14 (A) applicable Federal, State, and local
- 15 hate crime laws; and
- 16 (B) local law enforcement resources and
- 17 applicable local support services; and
- 18 (4) the hotline is accessible to—
- 19 (A) individuals with limited English pro-
- 20 ficiency, where appropriate; and
- 21 (B) individuals with disabilities.
- 22 (c) BEST PRACTICES.—The Attorney General shall
- 23 issue guidance to States on best practices for imple-
- 24 menting the requirements of subsection (b).

1 **SEC. 6. INFORMATION COLLECTION BY STATES AND UNITS**  
2 **OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.**

3 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

4 (1) APPLICABLE AGENCY.—The term “applica-  
5 ble agency”, with respect to an eligible entity that  
6 is—

7 (A) a State, means—

8 (i) a law enforcement agency of the  
9 State; and

10 (ii) a law enforcement agency of a  
11 unit of local government within the State  
12 that—

13 (I) is a priority agency; and

14 (II) receives a subgrant from the  
15 State under this section; and

16 (B) a unit of local government, means a  
17 law enforcement agency of the unit of local gov-  
18 ernment that is a priority agency.

19 (2) COVERED AGENCY.—The term “covered  
20 agency” means—

21 (A) a State law enforcement agency; and

22 (B) a priority agency.

23 (3) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term “eligible enti-  
24 ty” means—

25 (A) a State; or

1 (B) a unit of local government that has a  
2 priority agency.

3 (b) GRANTS.—

4 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may  
5 make grants to eligible entities to assist covered  
6 agencies within the jurisdiction of the eligible entity  
7 in conducting law enforcement activities or crime re-  
8 duction programs to prevent, address, or otherwise  
9 respond to hate crime, particularly as those activities  
10 or programs relate to reporting hate crimes through  
11 the Uniform Crime Reports program, including—

12 (A) adopting a policy on identifying, inves-  
13 tigating, and reporting hate crimes;

14 (B) developing a standardized system of  
15 collecting, analyzing, and reporting the inci-  
16 dence of hate crime;

17 (C) establishing a unit specialized in iden-  
18 tifying, investigating, and reporting hate  
19 crimes;

20 (D) engaging in community relations func-  
21 tions related to hate crime prevention and edu-  
22 cation such as—

23 (i) establishing a liaison with formal  
24 community-based organizations or leaders;

25 and

1 (ii) conducting public meetings or  
2 educational forums on the impact of hate  
3 crimes, services available to hate crime vic-  
4 tims, and the relevant Federal, State, and  
5 local laws pertaining to hate crimes; and

6 (E) providing hate crime trainings for  
7 agency personnel.

8 (2) SUBGRANTS.—A State that receives a grant  
9 under paragraph (1) may award a subgrant to a pri-  
10 ority agency of a unit of local government within the  
11 State for the purposes under that paragraph.

12 (c) INFORMATION REQUIRED OF STATES AND UNITS  
13 OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—For each fiscal year in  
15 which an eligible entity receives a grant under sub-  
16 section (b), the eligible entity shall—

17 (A) collect information from each applica-  
18 ble agency summarizing the law enforcement  
19 activities or crime reduction programs con-  
20 ducted by the agency to prevent, address, or  
21 otherwise respond to hate crime, particularly as  
22 those activities or programs relate to reporting  
23 hate crimes through the Uniform Crime Re-  
24 ports program; and

1 (B) submit to the Attorney General a re-  
2 port containing the information collected under  
3 subparagraph (A).

4 (2) SEMIANNUAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY  
5 REPORT.—

6 (A) IN GENERAL.—In collecting the infor-  
7 mation required under paragraph (1)(A), an eli-  
8 gible entity shall require each applicable agency  
9 to submit a semiannual report to the eligible  
10 entity that includes a summary of the law en-  
11 forcement activities or crime reduction pro-  
12 grams conducted by the agency during the re-  
13 porting period to prevent, address, or otherwise  
14 respond to hate crime, particularly as those ac-  
15 tivities or programs relate to reporting hate  
16 crimes through the Uniform Crime Reports pro-  
17 gram.

18 (B) CONTENTS.—In a report submitted  
19 under subparagraph (A), a law enforcement  
20 agency shall, at a minimum, disclose—

21 (i) whether the agency has adopted a  
22 policy on identifying, investigating, and re-  
23 porting hate crimes;

24 (ii) whether the agency has developed  
25 a standardized system of collecting, ana-

1 lyzing, and reporting the incidence of hate  
2 crime;

3 (iii) whether the agency has estab-  
4 lished a unit specialized in identifying, in-  
5 vestigating, and reporting hate crimes;

6 (iv) whether the agency engages in  
7 community relations functions related to  
8 hate crime, such as—

9 (I) establishing a liaison with for-  
10 mal community-based organizations or  
11 leaders; and

12 (II) conducting public meetings  
13 or educational forums on the impact  
14 of hate crime, services available to  
15 hate crime victims, and the relevant  
16 Federal, State, and local laws per-  
17 taining to hate crime; and

18 (v) the number of hate crime  
19 trainings for agency personnel, including  
20 the duration of the trainings, conducted by  
21 the agency during the reporting period.

22 (d) COMPLIANCE AND REDIRECTION OF FUNDS.—

23 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-  
24 graph (2), beginning not later than 1 year after the  
25 date of this Act, an eligible entity receiving a grant

1 under subsection (b) shall comply with subsection  
2 (c).

3 (2) EXTENSIONS; WAIVER.—The Attorney Gen-  
4 eral—

5 (A) may provide a 120-day extension to an  
6 eligible entity that is making good faith efforts  
7 to collect the information required under sub-  
8 section (c); and

9 (B) shall waive the requirements of sub-  
10 section (c) for a State or unit of local govern-  
11 ment if compliance with that subsection by the  
12 State or unit of local government would be un-  
13 constitutional under the constitution of the  
14 State or of the State in which the unit of local  
15 government is located, respectively.

16 **SEC. 7. REQUIREMENTS OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.**

17 (a) INFORMATION COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS; RE-  
18 PORT.—In order to improve the accuracy of data regard-  
19 ing the incidence of hate crime provided through the Uni-  
20 form Crime Reports program, and promote a more com-  
21 plete understanding of the national problem posed by hate  
22 crime, the Attorney General shall—

23 (1) collect and analyze the information provided  
24 by States and units of local government under sec-  
25 tion 6 for the purpose of developing policies related

1 to the provision of accurate data obtained under the  
2 Hate Crime Statistics Act (Public Law 101–275; 28  
3 U.S.C. 534 note) by the Federal Bureau of Inves-  
4 tigation; and

5 (2) for each calendar year beginning after the  
6 date of enactment of this Act, publish and submit to  
7 Congress a report based on the information collected  
8 and analyzed under paragraph (1).

9 (b) CONTENTS OF REPORT.—A report submitted  
10 under subsection (a) shall include—

11 (1) a qualitative analysis of the relationship be-  
12 tween—

13 (A) the number of hate crimes reported by  
14 State law enforcement agencies or priority  
15 agencies through the Uniform Crime Reports  
16 program; and

17 (B) the nature and extent of law enforce-  
18 ment activities or crime reduction programs  
19 conducted by those agencies to prevent, ad-  
20 dress, or otherwise respond to hate crime; and

21 (2) a quantitative analysis of the number of  
22 State law enforcement agencies and priority agencies  
23 that have—

24 (A) adopted a policy on identifying, inves-  
25 tigating, and reporting hate crimes;

1 (B) developed a standardized system of  
2 collecting, analyzing, and reporting the inci-  
3 dence of hate crime;

4 (C) established a unit specialized in identi-  
5 fying, investigating, and reporting hate crimes;

6 (D) engaged in community relations func-  
7 tions related to hate crime, such as—

8 (i) establishing a liaison with formal  
9 community-based organizations or leaders;  
10 and

11 (ii) conducting public meetings or  
12 educational forums on the impact of hate  
13 crime, services available to hate crime vic-  
14 tims, and the relevant Federal, State, and  
15 local laws pertaining to hate crime; and

16 (E) conducted hate crime trainings for  
17 agency personnel during the reporting period,  
18 including—

19 (i) the total number of trainings con-  
20 ducted by each agency; and

21 (ii) the duration of the trainings de-  
22 scribed in clause (i).

23 **SEC. 8. ALTERNATIVE SENTENCING.**

24 Section 249 of title 18, United States Code, is  
25 amended by adding at the end the following:

1       “(e) SUPERVISED RELEASE.—If a court includes, as  
2 a part of a sentence of imprisonment imposed for a viola-  
3 tion of subsection (a), a requirement that the defendant  
4 be placed on a term of supervised release after imprison-  
5 ment under section 3583, the court may order, as an ex-  
6 plicit condition of supervised release, that the defendant  
7 undertake educational classes or community service di-  
8 rectly related to the community harmed by the defendant’s  
9 offense.”.